

St Chad's C.E Primary School

Early Years Progression of Skills & Curriculum Overview 2024-25

<u>Cycle A</u>

Торіс	Autumn 1 - Happily Ever After	Autumn 2 - Jesus is the Reason	Spring 1 - Life's A Journey	Spring 2 - God's Wonderful	Summer 1 - Commotion in the	Summer 2 - Nature's Kitchen
· · · ·		for the Season		World	Ocean	
Other Possible Themes/	Settling in	Autumn	Valentine's Day	Easter	National Storytelling Week	Transition Focus
Calendar Events	Welcome Service for Reception	Diwali	Chinese/Lunar New Year	St Chad's Day	Whole School Mystery Reader?	World Music Day
	Harvest Time	Hanukkah	Pancake Day	World Book Day	Terry Heath from local Talke library to	Sports Day
	Black History Month - 1 st October	Nursery Rhyme Week	Story Telling Week - Whole school	Mother's Day	visit and share books	Transition to R/Y1
	Diwali 31 st October - 1 st November	Christmas	Random Acts of Kindness Week	National Recycling Day - 23 rd March	National Ocean and Seas Week -	Transition from N to R
		Remembrance Day	Internet Safety Day	Transition to R/Y1	looking after the ocean	Father's Day
		Bonfire Night	Transition to R/Y1	Transition from N to R	Pentecost Day (50 days after Easter)	Heathy Eating Week
		Road Safety	Transition from N to R		Transition to R/Y1	World Environment Day
		Children in Need			Transition from N to R	world Environment Day
		Anti- Bullying Week				
		Transition to R/Y1				
		Transition from N to R				
Enrichment Activities	Organise birthday lists - make birthday cards for when it is somebody's birthday to give out/ send photo on DOJO to celebrate	Nursery Rhyme Week Diwali Party?	Chinese New Year Parade Pancake making and pancake race	Trip - Trentham Gardens and to do the Barefoot Sensory Walk/ Sensory Garden?	Trip - Sealife Centre /Blue Planet Aquarium / Castaway?	Father's Day Picnic / Lunch People who help us visitors
	Farm to Fork experience?	Nativity Performance Christmas Jumper/Dinner Day	Sending Valentine's day cards to those they love	Parents invited in to plant seeds	Fossil hunting Map work - Find the Treasure	Food tasting - different cultures Transition Activities
	Parents invited in - homemade pumpkin/carrot soup and	Christmas craft week - Mrs Comley (Chair	Invite our new vicar - Jay - to talk about the church/ walk to the church	in the outdoors Purchase caterpillars or chicks?	Ramadan	Transition Picnic - PFA
	homemade bread?	of Governors to help)	A bus journey to the local area	Growing flowers (sunflowers, daisies)	Eid	
	Autumn Trail			Vegetable Patch		
				Cress Heads		
	Gingerbread baking			David Attenborough documentaries		
				World Book Day		
				, Science Focus - Weather/ Seasons		
				Easter Bonnet Parade/ Easter egg hunt		
				Mother's Day Assembly		



Assessment Intervention Transition Performance Management	Baselines - National Baseline - school Stoke Speaks Out EYFS team meeting Workshops - EYFS Curriculum and Phonics and Early Reading Phonic Intervention groups to begin SSO Intervention to begin <u>Phonics</u> 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading and phonics ready to change groups	Pupil Focuses based on baseline/ intervention SSO Intervention Open Day/ Evening - parents invited to look around the school EYFS team meeting - questionnaire to reflect our dept and practice In house moderation Analysis of Autumn data Reading Assessment Parents Meetings SEN meetings - APDR Transition with Y1 - assemblies/ Songs of Praise/ Christmas	Ongoing informal assessments Open Day/ Evening - parents invited to look around the school SSO Intervention if required Continue Pupil Focus - Review/measure Intervention MAT moderation TBA EVFS team meeting - review actions based on questionnaire Reading Assessment Transition with Y1 assemblies/ Songs of Praise/ story time in Y1 class	EVFS team meetings - data Review Pupil Progress SSO Intervention if required In house moderation with Year 1 incl. data share Analysis of Spring Data Reading Assessment SEN Meetings - APDR Transition with Y1 - assemblies/ Songs of Praise/ story time in Y1 class/ play time on KS1 playground and with Y1 current pupils Transition Nursery to Reception Review Performance Management	Measure GLD Open Evening - new parents of Nursery and Reception children SSO Intervention if required EVFS team meetings Reading Assessment Transition with Y1 Transition Nursery to Reception <u>Phonics</u> 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading groups	Review SSO Pupil progress meetings with SLT EYFS team meetings Transition days- Nursery and Reception children new to St Chad's Transition - Nursery to Reception Transition - Reception to Year 1 Complete EYFS Profile End of year reports to parents Pupil EYFSP discussion with Y1 Reflection of Summer data outcomes in preparation for 2023 Handover Meetings
Parental Involvement	EYFS Curriculum Meeting	plays Performance Management <u>Phonics</u> 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading groups EYFS Nativity production	<u>Phonics</u> 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading groups Mystery Reader	<u>Phonics</u> 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading groups Mystery Reader/ Stay and Read	Mystery Reader	Phonics Little Wandle Placement Tracker for Year 1 6 weekly phonics assessment Review reading groups Nursery and Reception New Starter
	Home learning expectations Reading/homework expectations pledge for parents to sign	Maths/Phonics/Reading workshop Parents Meeting/SEN meeting	Stay and Read session Yoga club for EYFS	Session SEN Meetings Parents to help plant Sing-along Club for EYFS Mother's Day Assembly	Stay and Read session Class Assembly Nursery and Reception Admission	meeting - same night New Nursery Visit New Reception visit Parents of current Reception to look around Father's Day Lunch Parents evening Sports Day Graduation assembly?
Communication and Language	<u>3- 4 year olds</u> Begin to know some rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books May start a conversation with an adult or a friend	 3- 4 year olds Enjoy listening to longer stories Begins to use longer sentences of four to six words Know some rhymes and can join in with these/ recite them Begin to use a wider range of vocabulary Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend Begins to develop their pronunciation 	 <u>3- 4 year olds</u> Knows many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books Begins to start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns Begins to sing a large repertoire of songs (check unit for opportunities) Continues to develop their wider range of vocabulary Uses longer sentences of four to six words Develops their pronunciation 	 3- 4 year olds Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens Begin to develop their communication (irregular tenses and plurals) Uses a wider range of vocabulary Sing a large repertoire of songs (check unit for opportunities) Knows many rhymes Starts a conversation with an adult/ a friend and continue it for many turns Continues to develop their pronunciation	 <u>3- 4 year olds</u> Knows many rhymes, and begins to be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Begin to understand 'why' questions Begin to be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Develops their communication (irregular tenses and plurals) Continues to use a wider range of vocabulary (in context) Begin to understand a question or instruction that has two parts Begins to use talk to organise 	 3- 4 year olds Knows many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand 'why' questions Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Continues to use a wider range of vocabulary (in context) Uses their communication effectively (linked to irregular tenses and plurals) Understand a question or instruction that has two parts Uses talk to organise themselves and their play

entions, where	<u>Reception</u>	Reception	Reception	Reception	<u>Reception</u>	Reception
opropriate	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding
	Children will be able to understand how to listen carefully and know why it is important.	Children will begin to understand how and why questions.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	Continue to listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	Children will be able to understand a question such as who, what, where, when, why and how	Children will be able to have conversations with adults and peers with back-and-forth exchanges
	Begin to listen carefully to rhymes and songs paying attention to how they sound	Listens carefully to rhymes and songs paying attention to how they sound	Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	Continue to listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep		
	Begin to engage in story times Begin to engage in non-fiction books	Start to listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	Speaking	familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	Speaking Articulate their ideas and thoughts in	Speaking Confidently articulate their ideas and
		Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important	Use new vocabulary through the day Begin to articulate their ideas and		well-formed sentences	thoughts in well-formed sentences
	Speaking	Engage in story times	thoughts Begin to describe events in some detail	Speaking Use further new vocabulary through the	Begin to use new vocabulary in different contexts	Use new vocabulary in different contexts Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been
	Develop social phrases Children will begin to talk in front of small	Engage in non-fiction books.		day	Begin to ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has	said to them
	groups and their teacher offering their own ideas.	Speaking		Articulate their ideas and thoughts Describe events in some detail	been said to them Begin to use talk to help work out	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities
		Learn new vocabulary Children will be more confident to talk in		Learn rhymes, poems and songs	problems and organise thinking and activities	Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives
		front of small groups and their teacher offering their own ideas.			Explain how things work and why they might happen	Express their feelings/experiences using a range of tenses
					Begin to connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives	Confidently retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with
					Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the	the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words
					text; some as exact repetition	Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
	Listening, Attention and Understanding:	Listen attentively and respond to what	they hear with relevant questions, com	ments and actions when being read to a	nd during whole class discussions and	small aroup interactions. Make
	comments about what they have heard and			-	-	

Speaking: Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Personal, Social and	<u>3- 4 year olds</u>	3- 4 year olds	3- 4 year olds	3- 4 year olds	3- 4 year olds	<u>3- 4 year olds</u>
Emotional Development	Begin to select and use activities and	Select and use activities and resources,	Remember rules without needing an	Increasingly follow rules, understanding	Show more confidence in new social	Is more confidence in new social
	resources, with help when needed	with help when needed	adult to remind them.	why they are important.	situations	situations
	Begin to play with one or more other	Play with one or more other children,	Become more outgoing with unfamiliar	Develop appropriate ways of being	Understand gradually how others might	Talk with others to solve conflicts
	children	extending and elaborating play ideas.	people, in the safe context of their	assertive	be feeling	Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries
	Begin to talk about their feelings using	Develop their sense of responsibility and	setting	Begin to show more confidence in new	Demonstrate appropriate ways of being	
	words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'	membership of a community	Begin to develop appropriate ways of	social situations	assertive	Make healthy choices about food, drink,
		Increasingly follow rules, understanding	being assertive	Begin to understand gradually how	Begin to talk with others to solve	and activity
		why they are important.	Begin to be increasingly independent in	others might be feeling	conflicts	Be increasingly independent in meeting
		Talk about their feelings using words like	meeting their own care needs, e.g.		Begin to make healthy choices about	their own care needs, e.g. brushing their teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying
Children will develop their		'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.	brushing their teeth, using the toilet,		food, drink, and activity	their hands
personal, social and emotional			washing and drying their hands		···· ,	
skills throughout the year						
through strong, supportive	Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception
relationships with adults, using	Calf Deculation	Calf Deculation	Colf Develotion	Calf Devulation	Calf Devulation	Calf Deculation
the Worry Monster to share	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation
their feelings, worries or concerns, circle time sessions as	Will recognise different emotions	Will talk about how they are feeling	Will express their own feelings and	Children will begin to identify and	Children will be able to identify and	Will continue to show their resilience
an opportunity to share their	Will focus during short whole class	and to consider others' feelings	consider the feelings of others	moderate their own feelings socially	moderate their own feelings	and perseverance in the face of a
feelings, inclusive/ diversity	activities	Will be able to focus during longer	Will begin to show resilience and	and emotionally	socially and emotionally	challenge
stories (see <u>Literacy</u> for		whole class lessons	perseverance in the face of a	Will develop their resilience and	Will show their resilience and	
separate list), accessing the			challenge	perseverance in the face of a	perseverance in the face of a	
indoor and outdoor provision				challenge	challenge	
(which is adapted accordingly	Managing Self	Managing Self				Managing Self
throughout the year), mealtimes, and snack times		Begins to manage their own needs:	Managing Self	Hannaina Call		Will know and talk about the
meanines, and shack rimes	Begins to manage their own needs: will	will wash their hands independently	Will begin to understand and talk	Managing Self		different factors that support their
	learn to wash their hands independently		about the different factors that	Manages their own needs: Children	Managing Self	overall health and wellbeing;
• All PSED skills taken			support their overall health and	will develop independence when	Will manage their own basic needs	- regular physical activity
from Development	Building Relationships	Building Relationships	wellbeing	dressing and undressing	independently: Children will learn	- healthy eating
Matters but adapted/		Will begin to develop friendships	Manages their own needs: knows		to dress themselves independently,	- toothbrushing
broken down into	Will begin to see themselves as valuable		when to wash hands to manage own	Building Relationships	and be able to narrate decisions	- sensible amounts of 'screen time'
achievable small steps	individuals	Will see themselves as valuable	personal hygiene, begins to develop	Building Relationships	about healthy foods	- having a good sleep routine
		individuals	independence when dressing and	Will build constructive and		- being a safe pedestrian
			undressing	respectful relationships		
				Will start to think about the	Building Relationships	
			Building Relationships	perspective of others	Will continue to build constructive	Building Relationships
					and respectful relationships	Will have built positive constructive
			Will begin to build constructive and		Will think about the perspective of	and respectful relationships
			respectful relationships		others	
						Will continue to think about the
						perspective of others
	Self-Regulation: Show an understanding	of their own feelings and those of other	- re and begin to regulate their behaviou	In accordinally. Set and work towards si	- nnle coale, being able to wait for what	they want and control their immediate

Self-Regulation: Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability.

Managing Self: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building Relationships: Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

	Physical Development	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>
		Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Skills	Gross Motor Sk
		Will climb with little support	Will run, jump and hop Will climb confidently	Starts taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams	Will decide how to match my movements to the task e.g. run to play chase, crawl through a tunnel, etc	Will collaborate w large items, such o safely
	Children improve their gross	<i>Fine Motor</i> Will begin to use motor	Will climb stairs/steps using alternate feet	Will begin to use large scale muscle movements e.g. waving streamers, making marks on the ground	Begin to remember sequences of movements which are related to music and rhythm	Will use large scal confidently e.g. wa making marks on t
and fine motor skills daily by engaging in different Funky Fingers activities (threading, cutting, weaving, playdough), mark making, construction, drawing, writing, Dough Disco, PE sessions such as gymnastics, dance, and ball skills led by Bee Active	skills to carry out tasks e.g. pouring drinks and exploring tools (playdough tools etc.)	Fine Motor Will start to eat using a knife and fork Will use my motor skills to carry out tasks e.g. pouring drinks and exploring tools (playdough tools etc) Will start to manage getting themselves	Fine Motor Will show a preference for a dominant hand Will begin to use one handed tools confidently for example cutting with scissors, hammering	 Will begin to choose the right resources to carry out their plan <i>Fine Motor</i> Will eat using a knife and fork (maybe with a little support) Will become more confident to manage getting themselves dressed/undressed by putting on coats and trying to do zips 	Will confidently so resources to carry Fine Motor Will use one hands for example cuttin Be increasingly ind dressed and undre coats, doing up zig	
			dressed/undressed by putting on coats/ aprons			
		Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception	<u>Reception</u>
		Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor
		Will learn to move safely in a space. Revise the fundamental movements and skills they have already acquired: - rolling- crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing	Continue to revise and refine the fundamental movements and skills they have already acquired: - rolling- crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing	Move safely in a space. Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control Children will balance on a variety of	Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, aiming Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day	Combine differe ease and fluency Children will be different sized
		Fine Motor To continue to develop small motor skills - children will experience and explore threading, pouring liquids, stirring, using spray bottles, dressing/undressing dolls etc	Uses their core muscle strength to begin to develop a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor They will begin to develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, and mealtimes (turn taking) <i>Fine Motor</i> Children will start to use scissors, pencils/ pens and glue more effectively	equipment and climb. <i>Fine Motor</i> To develop small motor skills - children will begin to use a tripod grip when using mark making tools Children will handle scissors, pencil and glue effectively.	successfully: lining up and queuing, and mealtimes (turn taking) Uses their core muscle strength to further develop a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor <i>Fine Motor</i> Children will use cutlery appropriately Children will start to form letters more accurately and with correct directionality	Uses their core achieve a good p at a table or sitt <i>Fine Motor</i> Children will for using a tripod gr
		To continue to develop small motor skills – children will experience and explore threading, pouring liquids, stirring, using spray bottles,	begin to develop a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor They will begin to develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, and mealtimes (turn taking) Fine Motor Children will start to use scissors, pencils/ pens and glue more effectively acles safely, with consideration for them	equipment and climb. Fine Motor To develop small motor skills - children will begin to use a tripod grip when using mark making tools Children will handle scissors, pencil and glue effectively. selves and othersDemonstrate strer and clim	and mealtimes (turn taking) Uses their core muscle strength to further develop a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor <i>Fine Motor</i> Children will use cutlery appropriately Children will start to form letters more accurately and with correct directionality	achieve a good p at a table or sit Fine Motor Children will for using a tripod gr

ls	<u>3-4 year olds</u>
Skills	Gross Motor Skills
e with others to manage	Can balance (bikes, scooters, climbing)
ch as moving a long plank	Can skip, hop and stand on one leg
scale muscle movements , waving flags, painting/ on the ground	Is increasingly able to remember sequences of movements which are related to music and rhythm
y select the right arry out their plan	Fine Motor
	Can use a comfortable grip with good control when using pens/pencils
nded tools confidently tting with scissors	
independent as they get dressed e.g., putting on zips	
	Reception
	Gross Motor
erent movements with ncy	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group
be able to control ed balls	Develop confidence, competence,
ore muscle strength to d posture when sitting	precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.
sitting on the floor	Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions
form letters correctly	Fine Motor
l grip	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient
neatically, such as runni	ng, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping

and cutlery; - Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Literacy including Phonics	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>
	<u>Reading</u>	Reading	Reading	<u>Reading</u>	Reading	<u>Reading</u>
We use the Little Wandle:	Begin to understand the five key concepts about print:	Continue to develop their understanding of the five key concepts about print:	Have a better understanding and be able to talk about the five key concepts	Begin to develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:	Have an increased phonological awareness, so that they can:	Have a sound phonological awareness, so that they can:
Letters and Sounds Revised	- print has meaning	- print has meaning	about print:	- spot and suggest rhymes	- spot and suggest rhymes	- spot and suggest rhymes
Phonics programme as the foundations to our children's	- print can have different purposes	- print can have different purposes	- print has meaning	- count or clap syllables in a word	- count or clap syllables in a word	- count or clap syllables in a word
phonemic awareness, and to develop their segmenting/	- we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom	- we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom	 print can have different purposes we read English text from left to 	- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother	- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother	- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother
blending skills in order to be confident readers and writers.	- the names of the different parts of a book	- the names of the different parts of a book	right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a		Begin to engage in extended conversations about stories, learning	Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary
	- page sequencing	- page sequencing	book	<u>Writing</u>	new vocabulary	Writing
We use Little Wandle's Letters	Writing		- page sequencing Writing	Continues to use their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Writes (some) or all of their name	<u>Writing</u> Use some of their letter knowledge in	Continues to use some of their letter knowledge in their early writing for a
and Sounds Revised Phonics and Reading Programme in order for children to develop their	Begins to use some of their print in their early writing	<u>Writing</u> Develops their print in their early writing	Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing		their early writing for a purpose e.g. writing a pretend shopping list, writing	purpose e.g. writing a pretend shopping list, writing m for mummy
comprehension skills and to			Write some or all of their name		m for mummy	Writes all of their name and writes most
prepare them for KS1					Writes all of their name and begins to write some letters accurately	of these letters (amongst others) accurately
	Reception	Reception	Reception	<u>Reception</u>	Reception	Reception
	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension	Comprehension
	Children will have access to and enjoy an increasing range of books	Children will engage and enjoy an increasing range of books and begin to be able to discuss parts of it	Children will engage and enjoy an increasing range of books and be able to discuss parts of it	Children will begin to be able to talk about the characters/settings in the books they are reading	Children will retell a story using vocabulary influenced by their book	Children will be able to answer questions about what they have read and be able to offer sound
	Word Reading Begin to read learned individual letters by saying the sounds for them	Word Reading	Children will act out stories using recently introduced vocabulary	Word Reading	Children will be able to answer questions about what they have	predictions
	Begin to blend sounds into words, so	Read learned individual letters by	Word Reading	Children will continue to read books	read	Word Reading
	that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound	saying the sounds for them (Some) Children will begin read books	Children will read books matched to their phonics ability (using	matched to their phonics ability (using decoding strategies)	Word Reading	Children will continue to read books matched to their phonics ability
	correspondences	matched to their phonics ability	decoding strategies)	Read some letter groups that each	Children will continue to read books	(using decoding strategies)
	Writing	Will blend sounds into words more confidently, so that they can read	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound	represent one sound and say sounds for them	matched to their phonics ability (using decoding strategies)	Children will continue to re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their
	Begin to spell some words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound	short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences	correspondences Begin to read some letter groups	Children will begin to re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and	Children will re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their	fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
	with letter/s	Read a few common exception words matched to our school's phonics	that each represent one sound and	their understanding and enjoyment.	understanding and enjoyment.	Confidently and fluently read simple
	Will form some learned lower-case letters correctly	programme	say sounds for them Begin to read simple phrases made	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known	Read further simple phrases and sentences made up of words with	phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter- sound
		Writing	up of words with known letter- sound correspondences and, where	letter- sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few common	known letter- sound correspondences and a few common	correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Read all common exception words
	Phonics - Little Wandle L&S Revised	Spell words by identifying the sounds	necessary, a few common exception words	exception words	exception words	matched to the school's phonic
	N: Phase 1	and then writing the sound with	Read further learned common	Read furthermore common exception words matched to the	Read a range of common exception words matched to our school's	programme
	R: Phase 2	letter/s	exception words matched to our	school's phonic programme	phonics programme	
	Children will read books matched to their phonics ability	Will continue to form some learned lower-case letters correctly	school's phonics programme			

<u>3-4 y</u>
<u>Readi</u>

				Writing	Writing
		<u>Phonics - Little Wandle L&S Revised</u> N: Phase 1	<i>Writing</i> Form lower-case letters correctly	Form lower-case and some capital letters correctly	Form lower-co letters correc
		R: Phase 2 Children will read books matched to their phonics ability	Write short phrases with words with known sound-letter correspondences Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s	Begin to write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences Begin to re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense	Write short s with known so correspondend letter and full independence Re-read what check that it
			<u>Phonics – Little Wandle L&S</u> <u>Revised</u> N: Phase 1/ 2 if appropriate R: Phase 2/3 Children will read books matched to their phonics ability	<u>Phonics – Little Wandle L&S</u> <u>Revised</u> N: Phase 1 / 2 if appropriate R: Phase 3 Children will read books matched to their phonics ability	Phonics - Litt Revised N: Phase 1/ 2 R: Phase 4 Children will rea their phonics at
	Comprehension: Demonstrate understand understand recently introduced vocabular Word Reading: Say a sound for each lett knowledge, including some common except Writing: Write recognisable letters, mos	ry during discussions about stories, non-f ter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraph tion words.	fiction, rhymes and poems and during r hs. Read words consistent with their p	role play. honic knowledge by sound-blending. Rea	ad aloud simple s
Pathways to Write Text	PtW: The Gingerbread Man - (traditional	PtW: I'm Going to Eat This Ant!	PtW: The Naughty Bus	PtW: The Journey Home by Hattie Peck	PtW: The Whal
Focus and 'Super 6' Reads We use the Pathways to Write	tale)	in going to eat this ANT OBSIDE ALSERS	Naughty Bus	Hurie Rede The Journey Home	Ra WHO Bitight
scheme to support and enrich our learning environment. We use the cross curricular high-quality texts to support all areas of the EYFS curriculum but specifically to drive our pupils' communication and	The Rainbow Fish - Marcus Pfister Whatever Next - Jill Murphy The Little Ded Ven - Traditional Tale	Flashlight by Lizi Boyd The Jolly Postman at Christmas - Janet and Allan Ahlberg	Mrs Armitage on Wheels - Quentin Blake Mr Grumpy's Motor Car -	Jack and the Beanstalk Swirl by Swirl - Joyce Sidman (poetry) Superworm - Julia Donaldson	Tiddler · Sharing a Sh Barry the
language skills and vocabulary as well as develop their Literacy skills such as reading and writing. We also apply Little Wandle: Letters and Sounds Revised phonics programme	The Little Red Hen- Traditional Tale The Ugly Duckling - Traditional Tale Rosie's Walk - Pat Hutchins	The Christmas Story – Ian Beck Dear Santa – Rod Campbell We're Going on an Elf Chase –	John Burningham All Aboard for the Bobo Road - Stephen Davies	Billy's Sunflower - Nicola Moon The Way Back Home - Oliver Jeffers What makes me a me? - Ben Faulks	S Commoti Gi

	Writing				
ase and most capital ctly	Form lower-case and all capital letters correctly				
sentences with words bund-letter ces using a capital	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letters				
l stop with increasing they have written to makes sense	Independently write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop				
	Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense (and edit accordingly)				
tle Wandle L&S					
if appropriate	<u>Phonics - Little Wandle L&S</u> <u>Revised</u>				
	N: Phase 1/ 2 if appropriate				
ad books matched to bility	R: Phase 4				
	Children will read books matched to their phonics ability				
cipate (where appropria	cipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and				

sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic

te simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

ale Who Wanted More by achel Bright



- Julia Donaldson Shell - Julia Donaldson E Fish with Fingers -Sue Hendra tion in the Ocean iiles Andreae PtW: Supertato by Sue Hendra



The Very Hungry Caterpillar -Eric Carle Super Duper You - Sophy Henn A Superhero like you - Dr Ranj Singh Ready Steady Mo - Mo Farah Coming to England - Floella Benjamin

as the foundations to our children's	The Scarecrow's Wedding - Julia Donaldson	Martha Mumford	All Are Welcome - Alexandra Penfold		Snail and the Whale - Julia Donaldson	
phonemic awareness, and to develop their segmenting/ blending skills in order to be confident readers and writers.	The Rhyming Rabbit - Julia Donaldson (N)	Stickman – Julia Donaldson	Beegu - Alexis Deacon The Train Ride - June Crebbin Enhanced Text: Mr Wolf's Pancakes - Jan Fearnley Other books: Lifecycles NF World Atlases - NF	Enhanced Texts: We're Going on an Easter Hunt - Martha Mumford Easter focus) The Easter Story Other books: Lifecycles NF World Atlases - NF	Shark in the Park - Nick Sharratt The skin you live in - Michael Tyler Other books: Lifecycles NF World Atlases - NF	Ald
Mathematics	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 y
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Numb
	Number to 5	Number to 5	Number to 5	Number to 5	Number to 5	Numb
We follow the NCETM Mastering Numberblocks support materials for Nursery, and the Mastering Number Scheme in Reception which, alongside reactive intervention, allows all children to keep up not catch up, and promotes a real love for maths from an early age. Children are taught to subitise, count, recognise numerals, look for patterns in numbers and number facts.	I can count in my play (sometimes I miss numbers) Subitise I can react to changes in amounts e.g. hiding and returning rhymes- two dicky bird Comparing I can begin to compare sizes using some	I can begin to recite numbers up to 5 I count in a range of contexts/ situations I experiment with my own symbols and marks Subitise I am starting to subitise to two Comparing	I can recite numbers up to 5 I will begin to understand that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle') I am beginning to link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral up to 3 I experiment with my own symbols and marks as well as some numerals	I can begin to say one number name for each item in order I am beginning to show 'finger' numbers to 5 I am beginning to recite numbers past 5 I understand that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle') I am beginning to link numerals and	I can say one number name for each item in order I can show 'finger' numbers to 5 I can recite numbers past 5 I can link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral up to 5 I experiment with my own symbols and marks as well as some numerals to 5	I can d
	gesture and language e.g. bigger, smaller	I can make comparisons between objects size, length, weight and capacity	to 3. Subitise	amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral up to 5	I am beginning to solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5	object Compa
	Numerical Patterns		I am starting to subitise to three	Subitise	Subitise	I can a
	Numerical Patterns I can spot patterns and talk about them e.g. stripes on a scarf and use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.	<u>Numerical Patterns</u> Numerical Patterns I can notice patterns and arrange things in patterns	Comparing I can make comparisons between objects size, <u>length</u> , <u>weight</u> and capacity	I begin to see 3 in different ways (through different manipulatives e.g. 3 sticks as a row/ triangle/ on top of each other) and recognise it without counting	I can see 3 in different ways and recognise it without counting Comparing	betwer and ca I can c vocabu fewer
	Sequence and Patterns of Time I can react to changes in amounts e.g. hiding and returning rhymes- two dicky birds Shape and Space I can combine shapes and objects e.g. stacking blocks/ cups	Sequence and Patterns of Time I can start to use vocabulary to describe the time of day that things happen e.g. lunchtime, hometime Shape and Space I am beginning to understand position through words alone - for example,	<u>Numerical Patterns</u> Numerical Patterns I can complete a simple pattern (ABAB) Sequence and Patterns of Time	Comparing I can make comparisons between quantities and begin to use the vocabulary of greater, less, more, fewer and the same <u>Numerical Patterns</u> Numerical Patterns	I can make comparisons between quantities, and <u>capacity</u> <u>Numerical Patterns</u> <u>Numerical Patterns</u> I can create my own simple patterns (ABAB)	Numer Numer I can errors I can indepe

	۰ ۱
Vhale - Julia Donaldson	The Gigantic Turnip - Aleksei Tolstoy and Niamh Sharkey
Park – Nick Sharratt	MERSET TOISTUY UNU TVIUTIIN STIUTKEY
live in - Michael Tyler	Other books:
her books:	People who help us NF
ecycles NF	
l Atlases - NF	
:	3-4 year olds
	Number
	Number to 5
number name for rder	I can count, order, recognise and use numbers to 5
ger' numbers to 5	I can recite numbers past 5
umbers past 5	confidently
erals and amounts:	I can write most numbers to 5
howing the right ects to match the 5	I can solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.
with my own symbols vell as some numerals	Subitise
to solve real world problems with 5	I can confidently subitise up to 3 objects
5	Comparing
different ways and	I can confidently make comparisons between objects size, length, weight and capacity
thout counting	I can compare quantities using the vocabulary of greater, less, more, fewer and the same
nparisons between I <u>capacity</u>	Numerical Patterns
-	Numerical Patterns
terns	I can talk about patterns and spot errors in a pattern
terns ny own simple	I can continue and create patterns independently
terns	I can continue and create patterns

 perceptually subitise within 3 identify sub-groups in larger arrangements create their own patterns for numbers within 4 practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise of sector the control generation and by sounds. explore the control beyond 5 begin to count beyond 6 begin to become familiar with the counting sequence to cordinality, counting begin to become familiar with the counting sequence to divich canner set within 5. Comparison condinatity set the counting sequence to divich canner set subitise and count, 5. Comparison comparison of mumbers is studing a variety of divich canner generation of the counting sequence to divich canner generation divich canner		"The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. I can use shapes for building thinking about their properties e.g. flat sides for stacking	I can use further vocabulary to describe the time of day that things happen e.g. day, afternoon, evening, etc Shape and Space I can understand position more through words alone - for example, "The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. I can begin to talk about 2D shapes (using informal vocab e.g. sides, straight, round, flat)	I can extend a 2/3 repeated pattern that has been made Sequence and Patterns of Time I can start to talk about past/ upcoming events e.g. birthdays, Easter Shape and Space I am beginning to describe a familiar route (linked to Pathways also) I can start to combine shapes to make new ones e.g. a bridge/ arch, bigger square (two squares to make a rectangle), etc.	Sequence and Patterns of Time I can talk about upcoming events e.g. birthdays and then talk about what happened after the event Shape and Space I can confidently understand position more through words alone I can begin to talk about 3D shapes (using informal vocab e.g. edges, straight, roll, flat) I can describe a familiar route (linked to Pathways also) I can combine shapes to make new ones e.g. a bridge/ arch, bigger square	Sequence and Patterns of Time I can sequence a pattern of events using time language e.g. first, next then Shape and Space I can confidently talk about 2D and 3D shapes (using informal vocab e.g. sides, straight, round, flat) I can discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'
 bave a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting have opportunities to develop an bave opportunities to develop an compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they bave opportunities to develop an compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they bave opportunities to develop an compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they bave opportunities to develop an 	 Subitising perceptually subitise within 3 identify sub-groups in larger arrangements create their own patterns for numbers within 4 practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise experience subitising in a range of contexts, including temporal patterns made by sounds. Cardinality, Ordinality, Counting relate the counting sequence to cardinality, seeing that the last number spoken gives the number in the entire set have a wide range of opportunities to develop their knowledge of the counting sequence, including through rhyme and song have a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting 	 Subitising continue from first half-term subitise within 5, perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements. Cardinality, Ordinality, Counting continue to develop their counting skills explore the cardinality of 5, linking this to dice patterns and 5 fingers on 1 hand begin to count beyond 5 begin to recognise numerals, relating these to quantities they can subitise and count. Composition explore the concept of 'wholes' and 'parts' by looking at a range of objects that are composed of parts, some of which can be taken apart and some of which cannot explore the composition of numbers within 5. Comparison compare sets using a variety of strategies, including 'just by looking', by subitising and by matching compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, 	 Subitising increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5, including structured and random arrangements explore a range of patterns made by some numbers greater than 5, including structured patterns in which 5 is a clear part Cardinality, Ordinality, Counting begin to become familiar with the counting pattern beyond 20. recognise numbers to 10 order numbers to 10 link the numeral with its cardinal number value to 10 begin to understand the concept of 1 more and 1 	 Subitising explore symmetrical patterns, in which each side is a familiar pattern, linking this to 'doubles'. confidently subitise to 5 Cardinality, Ordinality, Counting continue to consolidate their understanding of cardinality, working with larger numbers within 10 become more familiar with the counting pattern beyond 20. understand the concept of 1 more and 1 less to 10 Composition explore the composition of odd and even numbers, looking at the 'shape' of these numbers begin to link even numbers to doubles embed automatic recall of addition bonds for 5 and some 	 Subitising continue to practise increasingly familiar subitising arrangements, including those which expose '1 more' or 'doubles' patterns use subitising skills to enable them to identify when patterns show the same number but in a different arrangement, or when patterns are similar but have a different number subitise structured and unstructured patterns, including those which show numbers within 10, in relation to 5 and 10. confidently subitise to 5 Cardinality, Ordinality, Counting continue to develop verbal counting to 20 (recognising the pattern of the counting system) and beyond, including 	In this half-term, the children will consolidate their understanding of concepts previously taught through working in a variety of contexts an

 Create and extend a 3 	 introduce doubling and 	10 and maybe able to recall	 continue to dev
repeated pattern	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	some of the different ways to	touch counting
	5	make 10 (number bonds addition	beyond
	Composition	and subtraction).	under autor (
	 continue to explore the 	Companison	 order sets of a this to their up
			the ordinal num
	or 'hidden' parts for 5	 compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both 	
	• automatically recall addition bonds for 5	an understanding of the 'how manyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.	Composition explore and re
	 begin to recall some subtraction bonds for 5 	 develop understanding of comparing guantities up to 10 in 	patterns within 10 including ev
	 explore the composition of 6, linking this to familiar nettornal including 	different contexts, recognising when one quantity is more than,	double facts an quantities can
	symmetrical patterns	other quantity.	 automatically r addition and su
	 begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit' 	Shape and Space	for 5 • name some of • 10.
	Comparison	 embed 2D and 3D shapes Use everyday language to 	 Recall some of facts to 10
	 continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets 	 Use every day language to talk about some of the following: <u>weight, height</u>, <u>capacity</u>, time and money 	 have a deep un numbers to 10 composition of
			Comparison
	by matching, identifying		• Embed unders
	when sets are equal or		comparing quan in different co
	unequu		recognising wh
	Shape and Space		is more than, f
	Recognise some 2D shapes		the same as th
			quantity.
	triangle)		Shape and Space
			• Talk about 2D
	(cuboid, cube, sphere and cylinder)		using informal
			language
			 Use everyday about some of
			weight, height
	 Create and extend a 3 repeated pattern 	repeated pattern halving Composition • continue to explore the composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidden' parts for 5 • automatically recall addition bonds for 5 • begin to recall some subtraction bonds for 5 • begin to recall some subtraction bonds for 5 • begin to recall some subtraction bonds for 5 • explore the composition of 6, linking this to familiar patterns, including symmetrical patterns • begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit'. Comparison • continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets • continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal or unequal Shape and Space • Recognise some 2D shapes (circle, square, rectangle, triangle) • Recognise some 3D shapes (cuboid, cube, sphere and	repeated patternhalvingCompositionsome of the different ways to make 10 (number bonds addition and subtraction).Composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidder' parts for 5comparisonautomatically recall addition bonds for 5comparisonbegin to recall some subtraction bonds for 5comparison of 6, linking this to familiar patterns, including symmetrical patternscomparing quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recagnising when one quantity is more than, fewer than or the same as the other quantity.begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit'.Shape and Spacecomparison, and play games which involve comparing setsembed 2D and 3D shapescomparing setscontinue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal or unequalShape and SpaceRecognise some 2D shapes (circle, square, rectangle, triangle)Recognise some 3D shapes (cuboid, cube, sphere andRecognise some 3D shapes

Number: Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

Nm----

Numerical Patterns: Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

o develop confidence nting to 10 and	
s of objects, linking eir understanding of al number system.	
nd represent within numbers up to ng evens, odds, cts and how c can be distributed ally recall the nd subtraction bonds	
e of the bonds for	
ne of the double O ep understanding of to 10 including the	
on of each number derstanding of quantities up to 10 nt contexts, ng when one quantity nan, fewer than or as the other	
ce	
t 2D and 3D shapes rmal mathematical	
rday language to talk ne of the following: eight, capacity, <u>time</u> L	

Understanding the World	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>	<u>3-4 year olds</u>
follow the Staffordshire Agreed Syllabus for igious Education. We have sen to deliver RE through e RE Today Scheme. We ch our Reception children out Christianity and other faiths. This is delivered rough a range of adult led		I know who I am in terms of preferences I can talk about myself and my immediate family I can talk about different occupations and job roles I can begin to talk about natural materials using a wide vocabulary linked to all my senses	I can talk about myself and my immediate family I can talk about different occupations and job roles I can talk about natural materials using a wide vocabulary linked to all my senses I am starting to explore how things work	I can talk about some of the ways I have changed over my life I can name some countries in the world I am positive about the differences between people I can explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties I am beginning to show care for my environment and plant and care for plants	I can name other countries in the world (and look for them on a map) I can explore the different forces that I can feel. I can talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. I can talk about the differences between people I can show care for my environment and plant and care for plants I confidently explore how things work I can explore the key features of life cycles of animals and plants	I can talk about some of my own and my family's history I can explore and talk about the different forces I can feel. I can talk positively about the differences I have seen in people, countries and communities I can understand the key features of life cycles of animals and plants using key vocabulary I can talk about the world around us observing animals and plants I know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences I have experienced (or seen in photos)
sessions, circle times, events, or enhanced						
provision.	Reception	<u>Reception</u>	<u>Reception</u>	Reception	Reception	Reception
	Past and Present	Past and Present	Past and Present	Past and Present	Past and Present	Past and Present
e also provide high quality nanced provision and texts in order to expose our hildren to the skills linked Past and Present, People, culture and Communities, and The Natural World as well as addressing the hiversity needs and issues nat arise in our world and how to model inclusive behaviour	Children can name people who are familiar to them. Children can begin to comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Children will know about their own life story and how they have changed <i>People, Culture and Communities</i> Children will know about features of the immediate environment. <i>The Natural World</i> Children will understand the terms 'same' and 'different' Children can describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. <i>People, Culture and Communities (RE)</i> <u>Unit 1:</u> Why is the word God so important to Christians? (Creation)	Children can name and describe people who are familiar to them. Children will know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now People, Culture and Communities Children will know that there are many countries around the world. The Natural World Children will explore and ask questions about the natural world around them. People, Culture and Communities (RE) Unit 2: Why is Christmas special for Christians? (Incarnation)	Children will talk about the lives of people around them. Children will begin to compare past and present objects/artefacts People, Culture and Communities Children will begin to understand that people around the world have different religions, beliefs and celebrate times in different ways The Natural World Children will talk about features of the environment they are in and learn about the different environments and seasons. People, Culture and Communities (RE) Unit 3: Being special: Where do we belong? (Thematic)	Children will talk about past and present events in their lives and what has been read to them. People, Culture and Communities Children will know about people who help us within the community. The Natural World Children will make observations about plants discussing similarities and differences. Children can draw information from a simple map. People, Culture and Communities (RE) Unit 4: Why is Easter special to Christians? (Salvation)	Children will know about the past through settings and characters. Children will compare past and present objects/artefacts and discuss their findings People, Culture and Communities Children will know that people in other countries may speak different languages. The Natural World Children will make observations about animals discussing similarities and differences People, Culture and Communities (RE) Unit 5: Which places are special and why? (Thematic)	Children will know about the past through settings, characters and events. People, Culture and Communities Children will recognise and understand fully that people around the world have different religions, beliefs and celebrate times in different ways The Natural World Children will know that simple symbols are used to identify features on a map. Children will know some important processes and changes in the natural world, including changing seasons and some states of matter.

	Past and Present: Talk about the lives of Understand the past through settings, cl People, Culture and Communities: Descr cultural communities in this country, draw non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) The Natural World: Explore the natura drawing on their experiences and what he	haracters and events encountered in boo ribe their immediate environment using k wing on their experiences and what has b maps. I world around them, making observations	nowledge from observation, discussion been read in class. Explain some similar s and drawing pictures of animals and p	, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Ki ities and differences between life in th plants. Know some similarities and differ	now some similari is country and life rences between tl
Expressive Arts and Design	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds	3-4 year olds
	 I can explore art materials for large and small scale art e.g. drawing, paint, sculpture I enjoy joining in with songs, rhymes and music I can make rhythmic sounds e.g. banging a drum I can express my ideas through play, particularly pretend play I can create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects Artist - Introduce Andy Warhol Artist - Self Portraits 	I can use different art materials and am starting to refine my ways of creating art I can explore using different coloured paints I can remember and sing a range of familiar songs I can explore the different sounds musical instruments make I can engage in simple pretend play, using some objects to represent others I can begin to draw with detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. Artist - Introduce Andy Warhol Definition Paint stones with bug patterns and designs Finger painting ants Drawing nativity characters Christmas Cards	I can explore colour mixing using different coloured paints Join different materials and explore different textures I can listen with increased attention to sounds Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match') Make imaginative 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park. I can now draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details such as earrings, hair strands Artist – introduce George Seurat (pointillism) Drive vehicles through paint – patterns and textures	I can use self- chosen materials to create my own ideas I can sing my own created songs and begin to follow pitch, melody, rhythm and tone I can play musical instruments with greater control and purpose I can create more complex small world set ups to adapt and create stories I can use drawings to represent ideas like movement or loud noises Artist – introduce George Seurat (pointillism) Using a range of art media to create a big art of Hattie and rooftops of New York Animal patterns	Show different e drawings and pain sadness, fear, etc I can sing my own follow pitch, melo Respond to what expressing their Play instruments to express their Artist – Revis Inspired f Each child to de class fish u tec Wax res Draw an unde then paint c watery blue sea
	Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception	Reception
	Being Imaginative	Being Imaginative	Being Imaginative	Being Imaginative	Being Imaginat
	Children will sing and perform nursery rhymes. Creating with Materials Children will experiment mixing with colours. Artist - Introduce Andy Warhol	Children will experiment with different instruments and their sounds. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs Creating with Materials	Children will create narratives based around stories in their play Children will move in time to the music. Creating with Materials	Children will listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. <i>Creating with Materials</i> Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent	Children will pla following a musi Children can wa dance and perfo expressing thei responses.

ring on their experiences and what has been read in class.

nrities and differences between different religious and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories,

the natural world around them and contrasting environments, changing states of matter.

ls

at emotions in their paintings, like happiness, etc

own created songs and elody, rhythm or tone

nat they have heard, eir thoughts and feelings

ts with increasing control ir feelings and ideas.

evisit **Andy Warhol** ed flower pop art



bble painting o decorate a large scale h using a variety of techniques resist paintings. nderwater scene and ht over the top with lue paint to create a sea picture

ative

play an instrument usical pattern

watch and talk about rformance art, heir feelings and

<u>3-4 year olds</u>

I can use a range of art materials, joining and colour mixing purposefully and freely

I can sing, respond to and create my own music with instruments showing some awareness of pitch, melody or rhythm

I can start to develop my own stories linked to what I know through role & all world play

Artist – Revisit Andy Warhol -Inspired flower pop art



Vegetable prints Paint patterns using kitchen utensils

Reception

Being Imaginative

Children will invent their own narratives, stories and poems

Children will sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.

Creating with Materials

Self Portraits in the style of Andy Warhol	Children will experiment with different textures. Artist - Introduce Andy Warhol Paint stones with bug patterns Finger painting ants Drawing nativity characters Christmas Cards	Children will begin to create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Children will safely explore different techniques for joining materials. Artist – introduce George Seurat (pointillism) Drive vehicles through paint – patterns and textures	them. Children will make props and costumes for different role play scenarios. Artist – introduce George Seurat (pointillism) Using a range of art media to create art of Hattie	Creating with A Children will cre sharing ideas, re Children will exp variety of artist express their id Artist – D Bubble Wax resi Draw an unde then paint o watery blue
<i>Creating with Materials:</i> Safely use and props and materials when role playing cha		l techniques, experimenting with colour	r, design, texture, form and function. S	watery blue sea
proposal and marchials when role playing che				

Being Imaginative: Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

Materials

reate collaboratively, resources, and skills.

xplore and use a stic effects to ideas and feelings.

David Hockney



ble painting esist paintings. derwater scene and over the top with e paint to create a ea picture Children will share creations, talk about process and evaluate their work.

Artist – Revisit Andy Warhol



Supertato portrait in the style of Andy Warhol Vegetable prints Paint patterns using kitchen utensils.

tions, explaining the process they have used. Make use of